

#### 4 November 2025



Thank you for your request made under the Official Information Act 1982 (OIA), received on 18 October 2025. You requested the following:

... consolidated and anonymous FamilyBoost claim data to populate the table below ...

# Information released

The table below details, based on the number of claims received, the number of claims per quarter from July 2024 to September 2025 and the number of individual children per claim based on the child's age on the last day of each quarter. Data is provided at 29 October 2025.

Period	Child's age on last day of the period	Unique Count of Individual Children
July-September 2024	> 0 to <=1 years	3,676
	> 1 to <= 2 years	13,553
	> 2 to <= 3 years	18,131
	> 3 to <= 4 years	17,639
	> 4 to <= 5 years	15,003
	> 5 years	2,792
October-December 2024	> 0 to <=1 years	2,825
	> 1 to <= 2 years	12,313
	> 2 to <= 3 years	16,743
	> 3 to <= 4 years	17,363
	> 4 to <= 5 years	14,956
	> 5 years	3,884

January-March 2025	> 0 to <=1 years	3,274
	> 1 to <= 2 years	12,570
	> 2 to <= 3 years	16,719
	> 3 to <= 4 years	17,485
	> 4 to <= 5 years	15,496
	> 5 years	4,307
April-June 2025	> 0 to <=1 years	3,091
	> 1 to <= 2 years	12,939
	> 2 to <= 3 years	16,693
	> 3 to <= 4 years	17,377
	> 4 to <= 5 years	16,349
	> 5 years	4,457
July-September 2025	> 0 to <=1 years	2,647
	> 1 to <= 2 years	12,534
	> 2 to <= 3 years	16,391
	> 3 to <= 4 years	16,750
	> 4 to <= 5 years	16,322
	> 5 years	4,918

Please note that the data for "Child's age on last day of the period", banding has been adjusted to reflect the age ranges within each group. Age is calculated as the difference in years between the child's date of birth and the quarterly period end date, to two decimal places without rounding. For example, a child aged 2.50 years will fall into the "> 2 to  $\leq$  3 years" group, while a child aged 0.25 years will be in the "> 0 to  $\leq$  1 years" group.

An additional "> 5 years" band has been included to account for children who are over 5 years old as at the quarterly period end date and were submitted as part of the claim.



The "Unique Count of Individual Children" provides the number of children a claim has been received for each quarter. As examples, we may receive more than one claim if a claim is received, but declined as some information is incorrect, but another claim may be submitted. There may also be multiple claims in cases of shared care, as a claim may be made for a child by more than one household. Where there are multiple claims for the quarter, we only count the child once.

#### Information refused

Fee or invoice values are not captured at the individual child level and cannot be linked to specific children in cases where claims include multiple children. Additionally, Inland Revenue does not capture whether the fees are inclusive or exclusive of GST in a way that is accessible from our current data sources. Therefore, I am refusing your request for this information under section 18(g)(i) of the OIA, as this information is not held by Inland Revenue and I have no reason for believing it is held by another agency.

### Right of review

If you disagree with my decision on your OIA request, you have the right to ask the Ombudsman to investigate and review my decision under section 28(3) of the OIA. You can contact the office of the Ombudsman by email at: <a href="mailto:info@ombudsman.parliament.nz">info@ombudsman.parliament.nz</a>.

## **Publishing of OIA response**

We intend to publish our response to your request on Inland Revenue's website (<u>ird.govt.nz</u>) as this information may be of interest to other members of the public. This letter, with your personal details removed, may be published in its entirety. Publishing responses increases the availability of information to the public and is consistent with the OIA's purpose of enabling more effective participation in the making and administration of laws and policies and promoting the accountability of officials.

Thank you again for your request.

Yo	ours	sinc	erely		

Sue Gillies

**Customer Segment Leader, Families** 

